

2025 – YEAR OF SYSTEMIC STEPS

Reforms, modernisation and strenghtening of financial system's stability

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Key results in 2025

Systemic reforms

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SOUND BANKING SYSTEM A foundation of financial stability

Banks' assets:

7.7

BILLION EUROS

almost equals to the estimated GDP for 2025

Banks' capital:

1
BILLION EUROS

annual growth of 10%

Loans:

GROWTH OF

15%

4 times higher than the projected GDP growth rate for 2025 **Deposits:**

GROWTH OF ALMOST

5%

above the projected GDP growth rate for 2025

Banks' capital adequacy ratio: **19.39%** more than double the statutory minimum

Non-performing loans (NPL): 2.78%

The lowest level in the last 15 years

Data as at 30 November 2025

MORE FAVOURABLE LOANS FOR CITIZENS AND COMPANIES

Weighted average effective interest rate (WAEIR) on new loans to citizens: 6.79% - the lowest level in the last 10 years

Interest rates in new loans have been declining in the last three years.



Year	IR - citizens	IR - economy
2023	8.32	5.7
2024	7.86	5.45
2025	6.79	5.21

Trend of WAEIR on new loans to citizens in the last 10 years

OBJECTIVE SUPERVISION AND ADEQUATE MEASURES \rightarrow STABILE SYSTEM

Proactive, objextive and unbiased supervision

Stricter penalty policy

40 on-site examinations

24
imposed measures

EXAMINATION AREAS

- Banking operations
- Payment operations
- AML/FT
- Protection of clients

PREVENTIVE ACTING Safeguarding financial stability

Preventive protection

CBCG monitors key macroekonomic, financial and market trends to timely identify potential risks.

128%

growth in real estate prices

20%

growth in loans to citizens

Macroprudential measures to stronger banks

Additional capital in banks: **76.3 million euros**

Increased capital resilience of banks: averaging to 5-7% Depending on bank

Why this matters?

- Stronger resilience of banks
- Protection of depositors
- Reducing systemic risks

SEPA INTEGRATION

Transformation of payment system under the CBCG leadership

7 October:

First SEPA transactiations initiated from Montenegro.



payments





Safer system

Lower fees

EXPECTED EFFECTS:

- 50+ million euros of savings until the entry to the EU
- FDI growth
- Reducing of non-observed economy
- Stronger financial inclusion
- Improving the domestic comanies' competitiveness



- 16 laws
- Preparation of application
- 12 specialised working teams in bankks and the CBCG
- 200+ coordination meetings
- 5 pieces of technical training

RESULT:

- Full technical and operational readiness of the CBCG and all 11 banks
- The fastest SEPA integration in the region

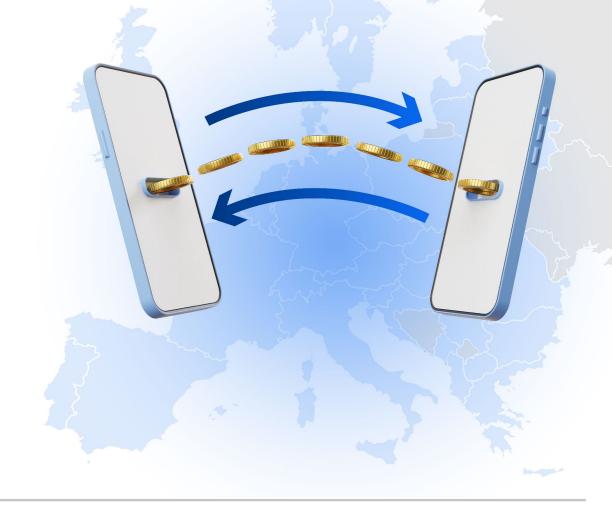
SEPA RESULTS IN THE FIRST TWO MONTHS Faster, cheaper and more efficient transactions

Average SEPA fee is 12 times cheaper than the earlier average fee for international transactions

78% of international transactions of up to 200 euros effected by citizens through SEPA

Average SEPA fee for transactions effected by citizens electronically even 30 times lower

66% of international transactions from 200 to 20,000 euros effected by citizens through SEPA



PAYMENT SYSTEM MODERNISATION Reform steps

May 2025

Launched new RTS/X payment system in line with the ISO 20022, with online clearing

August 2025

Extended working hours of payment systems until 8 p.m. with 6 clearing cycles

20 October 2025

RTGS and DNS systems work on weekends and holidays (additional 118 working days in the year)

July 2026

Launching national instant payments system
TIPS Clone















July 2025

Limited SEPA fees

Abolished higher fees for payments afternoon

7 October 2025

Inititated first SEPA transactions from Montenegro

December 2025

Halved fees for processing transactions in RTGS/DNS systems

SEPA+TIPS = 160+ million euros in a year

HARMONISATION WITH EU LEGISLATION Key steps to the EU

Finalised 8 laws

- Law Amending the Law on Credit Institutions(30 September 2025)
- Law Amending the Law on Resolution of Credit Institutions (10 November 2025)
- Law Amending the Law on Comparability of Fees Related to Consumer Payment Accounts,
 Payment Accounts Switching and Payment Account with Basic Features (10 November 2025)
- Law on Digital Operational Resillience of the Financial Sector (28 November 2025)
- Law Amending the Law on Financial Conglomerates (28 November 2025)
- Law Amending the Law on Enforcement and Securing of Claims (28 November 2025.)
- Law Amending the Law on Financial Leasing, Factoring, Purchase of Receivables, Micro-Lending and Credit-Guarantee Operations (13 September 2024)
- Law Amending the Payment System Law

CBCG completed its obligations CBCG in chapters

4 – Free movement of capital and 9 – Financial services



STRONGER REGULATIONS AND INCLUSIVE PRACTICE Better protection of consumers



New Law on Consumer Loans



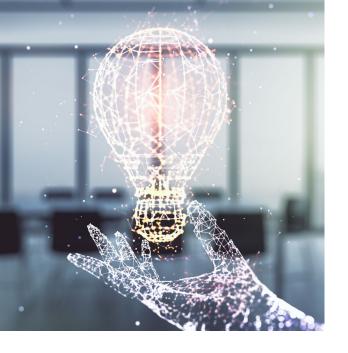
Abolishing fees for processing and early repayment of loans



Free basic account



Survey on clients' satisfaction



MODERN, EFFICIENT AND INNOVATIVE CBCG

Project Needs Assessment in cooperation with CBs of Belgium, the Netherlands and Germany

Enhancing staffing capacities

Promoting innovation, corporate culture and support to talents









CONTRIBUTING TO SUSTAINABLE CHANGES: FINANCIAL INCLUSION, EDUCATION AND GREEN TRANSITION



Enhancing women leadership

WE Finance Code:

National Dashboard

– the first in the region

Women on Boards:

2 cycles – 42 attendees, 3rd cycle in preparation



Financial education

Robotics for the youngest:

163 schools equiopped with little robots State competititon - 200+ children

Accredited programmes for financial education and robotics:

- 3 programmes, 21 traninings, 18 trainers
- Campaigns, workshops, digital education



Sustainable finance and ESG

Road Map to Sustainable Finance

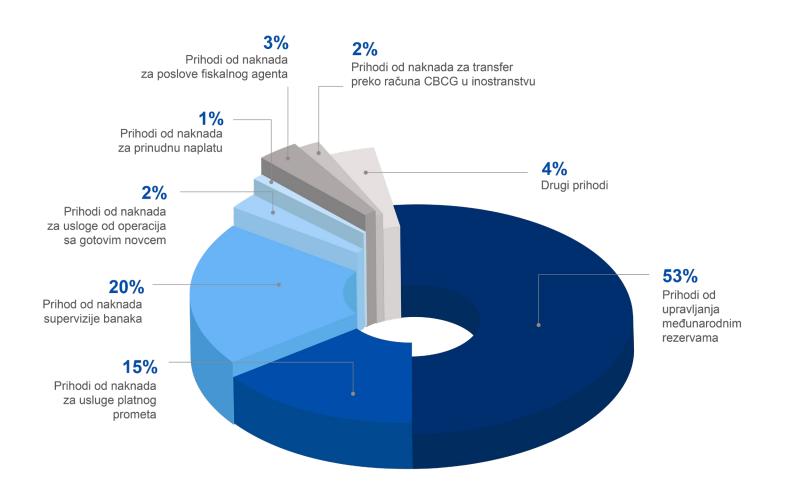
Green Award

Zero Waste certificate

House of Europe

Protect It So It Protects You

STABILE AND EFFICIENT FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CBCG





CHALLENGES

Unstable international environment

Maintaining professional staff

Al and digitalisation

Green transition

Improving financial literacy



PLANS

Implementation of the CBCG Strategic Plan 2025–2028 Objectives

Timely alignment of regulations with the new generation of EU legislation

Effective implementation of the new regulatory framework

Strengthening supervisory mechanisms

Further payment system modernisation

Implementation of a new CBCG organisational model aligned with the ESCB standards

Promotion of innovation and digital transformation

Development and implementation of modern financial education programmes







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